Writing in Reception



Writing in the Early Years

- Writing is part of Literacy, one of the four specific areas in the EYFS
- This comes from both Literacy and Physical Development, focusing on pencil grip and muscle strength.

Writing - children use their phonic knowledge to write words in ways which match their spoken sounds. They also write some irregular common words. They write simple sentences which can be read by themselves and others. Some words are spelt correctly and others are phonetically plausible.

Moving and handling - children show good control and coordination in large and small movements.

They handle equipment and tools effectively, including pencils for writing.

• Writing at the start of a child's school journey can be seen through mark making.

What does Writing look like?

	Devel	HeidiSongs' opmental Progress	Chart of the sion of A Child's W	/riting		
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:	1. Pictures	2. Random Scribbling	Scribble Writing (Written in linear fashion to minic real writing.)	4. Symbols That Represent Letters		
	5. Random Letters (No relationship between sounds of letters and what the child is trying to soy.)	ALPOIL AL	AEB ZT WD) I FHJ]P 7. Letter Groups (The groups have spaces in between to resemble words)	the I is see like 12345 AND MY 8. Environmental Print (Orlid copies print found in the room, often without locawing what the words are.)		
	Thehcanr (The horse can run.)	We win to the S (We went to the store.)	To daye i wot to play with the white board and the Shapes and I won to play with My feh (Tody I won't apply with the white bound and the Shapes, and I won't apply with my mind!	One day I saw my Frid it was Israel and Antonio and Thay sot lost I fad Thim. The end blood of 1 ser by freeds It and think the soul they get with		
	Beginning Sounds (Child begins to write simple sentences using sight words and just the beginning sounds of words.)	Early Inventive Spelling (Includes the same elements as the previous level, but with more consumers sounds represented and spaces between words.)	 Inventive Spelling (Has the same elements as the previous level, but with mere sounds per word writ- ter, including the vawels. Some conventional spelling patterns may appear.) 	12. Transitional Writing (Includes all of the previous elements, plus some real spellings of words with slent letters and other spelling patterns. Punctuation is beginning to appear).		

- 1. Scribbling and drawing, grasping the pen/pencil in a fist
- 2. Letter like forms and shapes, using shapes and circles in random places, children tell someone what they have 'written'
- 3. Writing random letters, using letters from their name, mostly upper case letters
- 4. Letters and spaces, using beginning and end sounds, experimenting with writing sentences, write the way a word sounds
- 5. Writing and spelling, using phonics sounds to write longer words, writing for different purposes

Writing opportunities in school

- Mark making opportunities are available throughout the class
- Writing opportunities are provided daily throughout every area of the classroom. For example, writing numbers in words, labelling countries, writing lists and letters
- Structured adult led writing activities supporting letter formation, writing sounds, using full stops, capital letters, finger spaces
- Links are made between reading and writing in every phonics lesson
- Handwriting and letter formation practice
- Writing in different ways writing in sand, with paint, drawing in different materials, mark making
- Using whiteboards and pens in areas of the classroom
- Writing outdoors on whiteboards and with chalk
- Name writing
- Fine motor skills to support with hand eye coordination and developing hand strength

How can you support writing at home?

- Encourage, praise and support! If you child is attempting to mark make, write or use their sounds independently this is brilliant!
- You can encourage your child to trace over your letters/words to support with letter formation. They can then copy the words out themselves underneath.
- Use the Read, Write Inc. letter rhymes to support with letter formation
- Please encourage your child to be as independent as possible with their writing every word does not need to be spelt correctly!
- If they are drawing a picture, challenge them to label or write a sentence about the picture
- Letter writing, scrapbooks, shopping lists, labelling soft toys, post cards are all really engaging ways to encourage your child to write









Read Write Inc Handwriting Rhymes and Characters

Sound	Rhyme		
a	Round the apple and down the leaf (apple)		
ь	Down the laces to the heel, round the toe (Boot)		
c	Curl around the caterpillar (caterpillar)		
d	Round his bottom, up his tall neck and down to his feet (dinosaur)		
e	Lift off the top and scoop out the egg (egg)		
f	Down the stem and draw the leaves (flower)		
9	Round her face, down her hair and give her a curl (girl)		
h	Down the head to the hooves and over his back (horse)		
1	Down his body, and a dot for his head (insect)		
1	Down his body, curl and dot (Jack in the box)		
k	Down the kangaroo's body, tail and leg (kangaroo)		
1	Down the long leg (leg)		
m	Down Maisie, over the mountain, over the mountain (Maisie and mountains)		
n	Down Nobby, over his net (football net)		
0	All around the orange (orange)		
р	Down his plait and around his head (pirate)		
9	Round her head, up past her earrings and down her hair (queen		
r	Down his back, then curl over his arm (robot)		
s	Slither sown the snake (snake)		
1	Down the tower across the tower (castle tower)		
u	Down and under, up to the top and draw the puddle (umbrella)		
٧	Down a wing, up a wing (vulture)		
w	Down up, down up (worm)		
×	Down the arem and leg and repeat the other side (exercise)		
У	Down a horn, up a horn and under his head (yak)		
z	Zig = zag- zig (zip)		

Bouncy consonants

Stretchy consonants

Bouncy vowels

Writing ideas and challenges













